EU Foreign Interference Law: Is Civil Society at Risk?

Why we are against an EU FARA law

Civil Society Europe is bringing together 230 civil society organisations from across Europe to express concern and opposition to a proposed 'foreign interference' directive which would create a register of Foreign Funded organisations. This legislation could have unintended negative consequences, hindering CSOs' ability to fulfil their role as defenders of democracy in Europe and beyond. It will also limit the EU's capacity to support civil society at risk and human rights defenders globally.

Civil society plays an essential role in vibrant, democratic societies. Civil society organisations (including philanthropy) are key actors in addressing different societal issues and in moving the green, digital and social agendas forward as well as defending rule of law, democracy and fundamental rights. Yet, while an enabling space for civil society is essential, experience across Europe shows how fragile that space can be. Deliberate, or inadvertent steps, can put civil society at risk and destroy the very essence of an essential democratic pillar.

The European Union has played an important role in standing up for civil society, setting standards and calling out threats to civic space. In May 2023 the European Commission will propose a new <u>Defence of Democracy Package</u> – including welcome proposals to further enhance democratic participation and protect civic space. Yet, some elements of that package threaten to undermine existing and future efforts.

A New Legal Instrument

A <u>call for evidence</u> makes the case for a new 'legal instrument (directive) to introduce common transparency and accountability standards for interest representation services paid for or directed from outside the EU, to contribute to the proper functioning of the internal market, and to protect the EU democratic sphere from covert outside interference'. While focusing on transparency and accountability, this proposal appears to mirror so-called 'foreign influence legislation' while also emboldening repressive leaders and undercutting the EU's credibility to speak out about restrictive laws in non-EU countries. These laws have significantly curtailed the space for independent civil society and been deployed as a tool to silence critical voices.

Such a proposal seems to echo some debates in the European Parliament and to arguments put forth by some governments to justify harsh restrictions on foreign funding and 'foreign agents'. This approach is very risky as it can lead to significant restrictions on civic space in the European Union and globally.

Civil society has been a strong and consistent supporter of transparency reforms and continues to welcome any initiative that builds upon transparency while preserving space for the activities of independent civil society.

As civil society organisations, with extensive experience working on civic freedoms, we call on the European Commission to observe **three key factors** ahead of any proposal:

1. The Requirement for a Fundamental Rights Impact Assessment

The European Union requires an <u>impact assessment</u> ahead of any legislation that is expected to have significant economic, social or environmental impacts. In addition the <u>strategy on the effective implementation of the Charter of Fundamental Rights</u> requires that the rights and principles enshrined in the Charter are correctly taken into account at every step of the EU legislative process. This includes a checklist that identifies what fundamental rights are affected and whether any limitation of those rights would be necessary and proportionate to achieve the desired aim.

The call for evidence indicates that no impact assessment is planned. Based on the EU's own requirements, and the experience of the detrimental fundamental rights impact of similar laws, it is essential that an impact assessment be carried out ahead of any proposal on the basis of EU Treaties, the Charter and in compliance with international human rights.

The Better Regulation framework is also aimed at reducing unnecessary red tape and ensuring subsidiarity and proportionality. These principles must be respected when evaluating the need for legislation.

2. Clarity and Purpose

The call for evidence fails to identify the specific need that new legislation would address and why an EU directive is a necessary or appropriate instrument. It also does not define 'interest representation services' or 'covert outside interference'.

In a contentious environment, where several EU member states have already adopted or proposed legislation and policy that purposely or unintentionally restrict civic space, we need a risk based approach and a careful assessment of unintended consequences and clear wording. A lack of legal clarity and purpose risks creating legislation that firstly fails to address the perceived risk and secondly opens the space for abuse and disproportionate and discriminatory restrictions on civil society organisations.

3. Fundamental Rights Obligations

From a legal perspective and as part of the Charter of Fundamental Rights, the European Union must comply with, and actively promote, the rights that underpin vibrant and healthy democracies. Three references are of particular note:

- Last month the European Council adopted, for the first time, <u>Council Conclusions</u> on civic space, echoing the <u>UN Declaration on Human Rights Defenders</u> and stating that 'the freedom to seek, receive and use...resources is an integral part of the right to freedom of association'.
- In 2020 the Court of Justice of the European Union ruled in the precedent setting case of the European Commission v Hungary (C-78/18) that freedom of association, enshrined in Article 12(1) of the Charter, 'constitutes one of the essential bases of a democratic and pluralist society'. It identified the right to access funding as a substantive element of freedom of association and recognised the chilling effect of such laws, that can foster a climate of distrust in the work of associations. In sum the judgement found that Hungary had introduced discriminatory, unjustified and unnecessary restrictions on foreign donations to civil society.
- The OSCE/Venice Commission Guidelines on Freedom of Association state that 'the right to freedom

of association would be deprived of meaning if groups wanting to associate did not have the ability to access resources of different types, including financial, in-kind, material and human resources, and from different sources, including public or private, domestic, foreign or international.'

These three elements point strongly towards the need for exceptionally careful consideration and a formal impact assessment – to determine whether such a legislative instrument is a necessary and proportionate response, to what is currently a very undefined aim.

The signatories of this statement underline the importance of the EC upholding and being consistent with the proposal for a directive on covert foreign interference risks inconsistency with international and EU human rights law, and in particular the exercise of civic freedoms. We demand to the European Commission that:

- on the basis of the information published, the proposal for "a legal instrument introducing common transparency and accountability standards for interest representation services directed or paid for from outside the EU" should not be pursued;
- a fundamental rights impact assessment should be considered ahead of any legislative proposal;
 and
- an open and structured dialogue must be ensured with all stakeholders, in particular all proposals or review of legislation affecting civil society must be prepared in close dialogue with civil society.

ENDORSEMENTS

European and International Civil Society Organisations

Civil Society Europe

Transparency International EU

European Civic Forum

CONCORD Europe

Human Rights Watch

Philea - Philanthropy Europe Association

Open Society Europe and Central Asia

| Amnesty International European Institutions Office |
|--|
| European Partnership for Democracy |
| European Environmental Bureau |
| Caritas Europa |
| ALDA - Association for Local Democracy in Europe |
| Alliance 2015 |
| Civil Liberties Union for Europe |
| Corporate Europe Observatory (CEO) |
| ILGA-Europe |
| ACT Alliance EU |
| CARE International |
| Centre for European Volunteering |
| European Center for Not-for-Profit Law |
| Eurochild |
| European Youth Forum |
| Lifelong Learning Platform |
| Front Line Defenders |
| International Commission of Jurists |

| Social Platform |
|--|
| JEF Europe |
| FIDH (International Federation for Human Rights), within the framework of the Observatory for the Protection of Human Rights Defenders |
| Solidar |
| Balkan Civil Society Development Network |
| Citizens Take Over Europe |
| Democracy International |
| Democracy Reporting International |
| ECIT Foundation on European citizenship |
| European Students' Union (ESU) |
| The Good Lobby |
| European Council on Refugees and Exiles (ECRE) |
| European Network on Religion and Belief |
| Friends of the Earth |
| Free Press Unlimited |
| European Alternatives |
| Human Rights House Foundation |
| Human Security Collective |

| Access Info Europe |
|---|
| Civil Rights Defenders |
| Coalition For Women In Journalism |
| Araminta |
| International Partnership for Human Rights |
| International Planned Parenthood Federation, European Network |
| La Strada International |
| Eurogroup for Animals |
| Lobby Control |
| New Europeans |
| PICUM Platform for International Cooperation on Undocumented Migrants |
| Protection International |
| Terre des Hommes International Federation |
| World Organisation Against Torture (OMCT), within the framework of the Observatory for the Protection of Human Rights Defenders |
| RECLAIM |
| Volonteurope |
| WAVE Network (Women Against Violence Europe) |

National Organisations Academia Cidadã, Portugal ACCEPT Association, Romania **ADRA** Croatia **ADRA Europe Advocates Abroad** ADDP - Association Défense de la Démocratie en Pologne African Initiative of Women human rights Defenders Aktionsgemeinschaft Solidarische Welt e.V. Arci - Associazione Ricreativa Culturale Italiana Asociación Española de Fundaciones Association for Civil Society Development SMART, Croatia Association Défense de la Démocratie en Pologne Association for Legal Intervention (Stowarzyszenie Interwencji Prawnej), Poland BBE National Network for Civil Society, Germany Belarusian Youth Hub Association

Brot für die Welt, Germany

Bulgarian Center for Not-for-Profit Law Bulgarian Institute for Legal Initiatives Foundation Bulgarian Helsinki Committee Calla - Sdružení pro záchranu prostředí - Association for Saving the Environment, Czechia Centar za promociju civilnog drustva (CPCD) - Centre for Promotion of Civil Society, Bosnia çavaria, Belgium Carpathian Foundation Hungary Centar za mir, nenasilje i ljudska prava - Osije, Croatia Centar za promociju civilnog drustva (CPCD), Bosnia Center for Public Innovation, Romania Centre for Social and Gender Research "New Life", Ukraine Centre for Peace Studies, Croatia Center for Public Innovation, Romania CESI - Center for Education, Counselling and Research, Croatia Česká rada dětí a mládeže (Czech council of Children and Youth) Citizens Network Watchdog Poland Cives Foundation, Liga Española de la Educación Civic Alliance-Latvia

Civic Initiatives, Serbia

| Civic Radauti Association, Romania |
|--|
| CIVICA Association, Romania |
| Civil Rights Project Sisak, Croatia |
| Civil Society Development Foundation, Poland |
| Civil Society Development Foundation, Romania |
| Clean Air Action Group |
| CNVOS Slovenia |
| Collegium Artium |
| Comhlámh, Ireland |
| Committee on the Administration of Justice (CAJ, Northern Ireland) |
| Committee for the Defence of Democracy (KOD), Poland |
| Coordination SUD, coordination nationale des ONG françaises de solidarité Internationale |
| CROSOL - Croatian Platform for International Citizen Solidarity |
| Czech Forum for Development Cooperation |
| DEMAS - Association for Democracy Assistance and Human Rights, Czechia |
| Diakonia, Sweden |
| DKolektiv - organisation for social development |
| ECPI Euroregional Center for Public Initiatives |

Education Human Rights House Chernihiv Education in Action E*LC Eurocentralasian Lesbian Community **European Movement Italy** EUROSOLAR, Czechia Federation for Education Initiatives FILIA Center, Romania FINGO - Finnish Development NGOs Fundacja Akceptacja, Poland Fundacja Dajemy Dzieciom Siłę (Empowering Children Foundation), Poland Fundacja Edukacji Zdrowotnej Lepsze Jutro, Poland Fundacja My Pacjenci, Poland Fundacja Ośrodka KARTA, Poland Fundacja Phan Bde, Poland Fundacja Dajemy Dzieciom Siłę (Empowering Children Foundation), Poland Fundacja Edukacji Zdrowotnej Lepsze Jutro (Better Tomorrow Foundation for Health Education), Poland Fundacja Ośrodka KARTA, Poland Fundacja Pole Dialogu - Field of Dialogue Foundation, Poland Fundacja Polksiedzieci, Poland

Fundacja Sztetl Mszana Dolna, Poland Fundacja Sztuki, Przygody i Przyjemności ARTS, Poland Fundacja trzeci - Third Foundation, Poland Fundacja TVN, Poland Fundacja Wiedzy i Dialogu Społecznego AGERE AUDE, Poland Fundacja Wolności - Freedom Foundation, Poland Funky Citizens, Romania GENTIUM, Spain **German Fundraising Association** Germanwatch **GLAS** Bulgaria Glopolis, Czech Republic NGO Platform **Greek Forum Of Refugees Green REV Institute Greenways Poland Association** Háttér Society, Hungary Heks/Eper Bread for All, Switzerland

Fundacja Szkoła z Klasą (School with Class Foundation), Poland

| Hellenic League for Human Rights |
|---|
| Help - Hilfe zur Selbsthilfe e.V., Germany |
| Helsinki Foundation for Human Rights, Poland |
| HESTIA - Centrum pro dobrovolnictví, Czechia |
| Human Rights House Zagreb |
| Hungarian Civil Liberties Union |
| Hungarian Helsinki Committee |
| Independent Social Ecological Movement - NESEHNUTÍ, Czechia |
| Information Society Development Foundation, Poland |
| Initiative for Development and Cooperation, Serbia |
| Inklusive House BELL, Croatia |
| Instrat Foundation, Poland |
| International Youth Association TIP, Georgia |
| Iskorak, Croatia |
| Juniper Foundation |
| Kampania Przeciw Homofobii -Campaign Against Homophobia, Poland |

Klon/Jawor Association, Poland Latvian Platform for Development Cooperation Legebrita, Slovenia Leroy Merlin Foundation, Poland LDH (Ligue des droits de l'Homme), France LGBT Komiteen, Denmark **LGBTI Organisation Deystvie** Ligue de l'enseignement, Belgium Ligue des droits humains (Belgium) Local Democracy Agency Sisak, Croatia Maecenata Foundation, Germany Mazovia Federation, Poland Mreža mladih Hrvatske, Croatia #MyBrainMyChoice Initiative, Germany National Federation of Polish NGOs (OFOP) National LGBT* Organisation LGL, Italy National NGO Coalition Lithuania

National Volunteer Association, Czechia

Network of Estonian Non-Governmental Organisations NGO BE ACTIVE 16 Norwegian Helsinki Committee Novact - International Institute for Nonviolent Action Nyt Europa, Denmark ÖH - Austrian Students' Union Ökotárs - Hungarian Environmental Partnership Foundation Okraslovaci Spolek Celakovicky, Czech Republic Open Estonia Foundation Open Lithuania Foundation Open Republic - Association against Anti-Semitism and Xenophobia Open Society Fund Prague Otevřená společnost - Open Society, Czechia Panoptykon Foundation, Poland Partin, Netherlands Partners Albania for Change and Development Peace Institute Ljubljana, Slovenia **PILnet**

Netherlands Helsinki Committee

Platform for Social Housing, Czechia Polish Donors Forum Polska Fundacja im Roberta Schumana Power of Humanity Foundation (Emberség Erejével), Hungary Projekt: Polska Resource Center for Public Participation RFSL, Sweden Rural Development Foundation, Poland SMES-Europa - Mental Health and Social Exclusion Society for All, z.s., Czech Republic SODI - Solidaritätsdienst International e.V. Spiralis, Czech Republic ŠRVŠ, Slovakia Stefan Batory Foundation, Poland Stiftung Zukunftsfähigkeit, Germany Stowarzyszenie Kłodzka Wstęga Sudetów - Lokalna Grupa Działania, Poland Terra Hub Croatia Terre des Hommes Germany

| The Field of Dialogue Foundation, Poland |
|---|
| The Good Lobby Italia |
| The Irish Council for Civil Liberties |
| The Wheel, Ireland |
| The Wiktor Osiatyński Archive, Poland |
| Transparency International Czech Republic |
| Transparency International Nederland |
| UEF Hungary |
| Volies, Spain |
| Voluntare, Spain |
| Vouliwatch, Greece |
| We are Europe! |
| Xnet, Spain |
| Ženska udruga 'IZVOR', Croatia |
| |